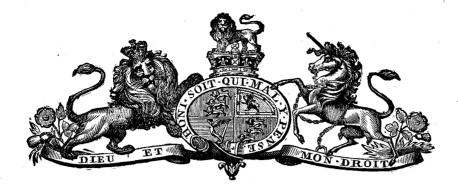
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ZEALAND NEW GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1875.

Constituting District Court of Westland.

NORMANBY, Governor. (L.S.) A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The District Courts Act, 1858," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, from time to time as he shall think fit, by Proclamation in the New Zealand Gazette, to constitute throughout the colony, or any part thereof, districts within which District Courts shall be respectively held, and such districts to abolish, and the boundaries thereof to define or alter: And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, day of Julie, one thousand eight hundred and sevency, districts were defined within which District Courts should be held under the said Act and "The District Courts Act Amendment Act, 1865," and it was thereby declared that the said Courts should be designated by the names of "The District Court of Westland North" and "The District Court of the County of Westland " respectively : And whereas by another Proclamation bearing date

the fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, the designation of the said "Dis-trict Court of the County of Westland" was altered to "The District Court of Westland South:" And whereas it is expedient to abolish the respective whereas it is expedient to about the respective districts so defined as aforesaid, and to constitute the territory comprised therein one district for the purposes of the said District-Courts Act, 1858, and the Acts amending the same : Now therefore, I, George Augustus Constantine,

Marquis of Normanby, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the aforesaid power and authority vested in me, do hereby proclaim and declare that, from and after the twelfth day of July instant, the said respective districts of the District Courts of "Westland North" and "Westland South" shall be abolished, and that thenceforth the territory comprised within the boundaries set forth in the Schedule hereto shall be constituted a district within which a District Court shall be held under the said District Courts Act, 1858, and the Acts amending the same. And in mouth of the River Mackay, the commencing point.

further pursuance and exercise of the power and authority aforesaid, I do hereby declare that the said Court shall be designated by the name of

"THE DISTRICT COURT OF WESTLAND."

Given under the hand of His Excellency the en under the hand of His Excellency the Most Honorable George Augustus Con-stantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majastr's Most Honorable Privy Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council; Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five. CHARLES C. BOWEN.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

SCHEDULE.

WESTLAND DISTRICT. THIS district comprises the whole of the Province of Westland, together with that portion of the Province of Nelson contained within the following boundaries; that is to say,—towards the North by a right line from the mouth of the River Mackay to the summit of Mount Arthur; thence towards the East by a right line to the junction of the River Gowan, or Rotoroa, with the River Buller, and thence by a right line to the summit of Mount Princess; thence towards the South east by a right line to the summit of towards the South-east by a right line to the saddle between the Hurunui and Teremakau Rivers; thence towards the South-west by part of the southern boundary of the Province of Nelson to the sea; and thence towards the North-west by the sea to the

Extending Oivil Jurisdiction of District Court of Westland.

(L.S.) NORMANBY, Governor. A PROCLAMATION.

W HEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The District Courts Jurisdiction Extension Act, 1866," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Proclamation published in the *New Zealand Gazette*, to bring into operation with respect to any District Court, from and after a day to be named in such Proclamation, either the whole of the said Act or such sections thereof as to him shall seem fit:

Now therefore, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that, from and after the twelfth day of July instant, the said "District Courts Jurisdiction Extension Act, 1866," shall come into operation with respect to

THE DISTRICT COURT OF WESTLAND.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Most Honorable George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council; Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, this twelfth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

CHABLES C. BOWEN. GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Extending Criminal Jurisdiction of District Court of Westland.

(L.S.) NORMANBY, GOVERNOR. A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The District Courts Criminal Jurisdiction Extension Act, 1870," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation, from time to time declare that any District Court shall have cognizance of all felonies and indictable misdemeanours, as specified in the fourth section of the said Act:

Now therefore, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power vested in me by the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that

THE DISTRICT COURT OF WESTLAND

shall, from the twelfth day of July instant, have cognizance of all felonies and indictable misdemeanours committed before or after the passing of the said Act within the district over which its jurisdiction extends, saving only the felonies specially excepted in and by the fourth clause of the said Act.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Most Honorable George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council; Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commanderin-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, this twelfth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

CHARLES C. BOWEN.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Reconstituting District Court of Otago Gold Fields.

(L.S.) NORMANBY, Governor. A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The District Courts Act, 1858," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time as he shall think fit, by Proclamation in the *New Zealand Gazette*, to constitute throughout the colony, or in any part thereof, districts within which District Courts shall be respectively held, and such districts to abolish, and the boundaries thereof to define or alter:

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, a district was defined within which a District Court should be held under the said Act, and it was thereby declared that the said Court should be designated by the name of "The District Court of the Otago Gold Fields:"

And whereas it is expedient to alter the boundaries of the said district so defined as aforesaid:

Now therefore, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the powers and authority vested in me by the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that, from and after the twelfth day of July instant, the boundaries of the district within which "The District Court of the Otago Gold Fields" shall be held shall be altered, and that thenceforth the boundaries thereof shall be the boundaries set forth in the Schedule hereto, and that the designation of the said Court shall be

"THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE OTAGO GOLD FIELDS."

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Most Honorable George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council; Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commanderin-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, this tenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

CHARLES C. BOWEN. GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

SCHEDULE.

THIS district comprises all that area bounded towards the North by the northern boundary of the Province of Otago, from the mouth of the River Awarua to a point on the said boundary line due north of Mount St. Bathan's; thence towards the East by a right line due south to the summit of Mount St. Bathan's; thence again towards the North by a right line due east to the summit of the Hawkdun Mountains; thence towards the North-east by right lines from peak to peak along the said mountains to a point due west of Little Domett Peak, and thence by a right line to the summit of Little Domett Peak; thence towards the East by a right line to the summit of Kyeburn Hill; thence by right lines from peak to peak along the summit of the Kakanui Mountains, and a line following the nearest spur to the junction of the Deepdell Creek with the Waihemo or Shag River ; thence by right lines from peak to peak along the watershed between the Waikouaiti and Taieri Rivers to Silver Peak, and thence by a right line to the source of Silver Stream, and along the said stream to the West Taieri Road.; thence towards the Southeast and South by the said road to the boundary of the Hundreds; thence by the boundary of the Hundreds to the east branch of the Tokomairiro River; thence by the said river to the Main South Road, by the Main South Road to Lovell's Creek, by Lovell's to the south-west boundary of Run No. 54, Lovell's to the south-west boundary of Kun No. 54, by the said boundary of said run to the Crook Burn, and by the Crook Burn to its junction with the Clutha River, and thence by a right line to a point 20 chains due West of the Clutha River; thence towards the West by a line parallel to the Clutha River to a point due east of Spylaw Hill; thence again towards the South and South-east by a right line to the summit of Spylaw Hill; thence by a right line to the source of Spylaw Burn; thence by the Spylaw Burn to its junction with the Pomahaka Byraw Birn to its junction with the Pomahaka River; thence by the Pomahaka River to the con-fluence of the Parasol Creek; thence by the said creek to its source, and by a right line thence to the summit of Black Umbrella Mountain; thence by right lines from peak to peak along the range be-tween the western branch of the Waihaka River and the Otama Creek to the southern boundary of Run No. 193 and by that boundary to the Mataura River. No. 193, and by that boundary to the Mataura River; thence towards the West by the Mataura River to its source, and by a right line to the summit of Eyre Peak, and thence by right lines from peak to peak along the western watershed of Lake Wakatipu to a point due east of Mount Christina; thence again towards the South by a right line to the summit of Mount Christina; by a right line thence to the nearest source of the Cleddau River, and by that river and the southern shore of Milford Sound to the sea; and thence again towards the West by the sea to the mouth of the Awarua River, the commencing point.

Extending Civil Jurisdiction of the District Court of the Otago Gold Fields.

NORMANBY, Governor. A PROCLAMATION. (L.S.)

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The District Courts Jurisdiction Extension Act, 1866," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Deceloration published in the New Zealand Gazette. Proclamation published in the New Zealand Gazette,

to bring into operation with respect to any District Court, from and after a day to be named in such Proclamation, either the whole of the said Act or such sections thereof as to him shall seem fit:

Now therefore, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that, from and after the twelfth day of July instant, the said "District Courts Jurisdiction Extension Act, 1866," shall come into operation with respect to

THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE OTAGO GOLD FIELDS.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Most Honorable George Augustus Con-stantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council; Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, this twelfth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventyfive.

CHARLES C. BOWEN.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

Extending Criminal Jurisdiction of District Court of the Otago Gold Fields.

NORMANBY, Governor. A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The District Courts Criminal Jurisdiction Extension Act, 1870,' it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation, from time to time declare that any District Court shall have cognizance of all felonies and indictable misdemeanours, as specified in the fourth section of the said Act:

Now therefore, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power vested in me by the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that

THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE OTAGO GOLD FIELDS shall, from the twelfth day of July, 1875, have cognizance of all felonies and indictable misdemeanours committed before or after the passing of the said Act within the district over which its jurisdiction extends, saving only the felonies specially excepted in and by the fourth clause of the said Act.

> Given under the hand of His Excellency the Most Honorable George Augustus Con-stantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Knight Commander of the

(L.S.)

Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, this twelfth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

CHABLES C. BOWEN.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Rules under "The Naval Training Schools Act, 1874.

NORMANBY, Governor. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirteenth day of July, 1875.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOE IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the 18th section of "The Naval Training Schools Act, 1874," it is provided that the Governor in Council may from time to time make rules for the management and discipline of Naval Training Schools, not being inconsistent with the provisions of the now reciting Act: Now therefore, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, and in exercise and pursuance of the power and authority vested in me by the said Act, do hereby make the following rules :-

RULES.

Manager.

1. The Manager will have entire charge of the school, and will be held responsible for all property belonging to the Government; he will visit and inspect every part of the school daily, ascertain that the whole is under efficient management, and appoint boys for work under the various divisions.

2. He will apportion to every member of the staff his duty, and will be held responsible for the proper discharge of all duties so apportioned; he will be guided from time to time by such instructions as he may receive from the Minister.

3. He will see that the boys are properly instructed both by the Schoolmaster and the nautical and other instructors; that they are taught habits of cleanliness, industry, and diligence, and that strict order be maintained throughout. He will instruct in navigation such boys as may be found worthy and capable.

He will be entitled to suspend any officer for mis-conduct, pending the decision of the Minister, and also to hire and discharge such members of the staff as are not appointed by the Minister.

He will exercise a careful supervision in order to insure that no stores are wasted.

He will keep a register for recording the name of every boy admitted into the school in the following form, viz.,-

Date.	Name.	. Age.	Whence received.	Religion.	Time expires.	Particulars of Parentage.	Amount or- dered to be contributed by parents.	How disposed of.	Remarks.
.									

(Manager's signature.)

Storekeeper.

The Storekeeper will have charge of all stores and clothing, except such as are placed in charge of the Boatswain, and he will be held accountable for the same until issued. No stores are to be issued by him without the Manager's written order.

Schoolmaster.

The schoolmaster is to be ready to receive boys at the hours stated in the routine list. He will keep the following books, viz.,-Register of attendance at school, school routine and progress books, which latter is also to contain reports of examinations.

General

Every member of the staff must bear himself in such a manner before the boys as to set a good example both by word and deed; and not only will any offence, such as drunkenness, be visited with instant dismissal, but such dismissal will follow from ascertained unsuitableness, without any special bad conduct.

Book for Visitors.

All visitors are to be requested to enter their names and remarks (if any) in a book which is to be kept for this purpose.

Relatives and Friends.

The relatives and friends of the boys will be required, on every occasion of a visit, to enter their names in a separate book, to be kept for that pur-pose. They will be allowed to visit the boys on Sunday and Wednesday afternoons.

Visitors.

Strangers wishing to visit individual boys are to explain the nature of their relationship, the object of their visit, and such other particulars as may be required. All such interviews are to be held in the presence of a member of the staff.

Visitors.—Presents.

No person is to be allowed to make any present of any kind to a boy without the permission, first obtained, of the Manager.

Boys on Errands, &c.

Any boy who has proved himself, to the satisfaction of the Manager, to be trustworthy may be permitted to go on errands.

Divine Service.

On Sundays, to be at such times as may be ar-ranged between the ministers of the various denominations and the Manager.

Subject to the approval of the Manager, boys may be permitted to attend places of worship of their own denomination, other than the school chapel, under such restriction and supervision as the Manager may consider necessary.

Subject to the action foregoing, one performance of Divine Service is to be provided for each Sunday. Sunday and weekly religious instruction to be

arranged between the ministers and Manager.

Daily Prayers.

Every one connected with the school to be required to attend the daily morning and evening prayers.

Complaints and Punishments.

All complaints as to misconduct or otherwise to be received, and punishment awarded, by the Manager immediately after morning prayers, in the presence of the whole of the boys.

Punishments.

The mode of punishment to be by black list, masthead, cells during play hours, cells with or without bread and water, bread and water for meals separate, provided that in this case not more than one meal in any one day be of bread and water, placard with nature of offence to be worn on boy's back, caning by Manager, provided, however, that it is not to exceed six cuts on the hand with the cane.

In the case of a whipping being ordered by a Magistrate under the 37th section of this Act, the boy is to be triced up, and to receive such number of stripes as the Magistrate shall award, but in no case shall the number exceed twenty.

Clothing, &c.

As soon as a boy is received he is to be properly cleansed, and is to be supplied with clothing, as follows, viz.,—1 bed, 1 pillow and case, 1 bag, 1 pair of blankets, 1 quilt, 2 flannel shirts, 1 towel, 1 neckerchief, 2 combs, 2 suits brown drill, 2 suits serge, 2 pairs socks, 1 pair boots, 1 serge and 2 white caps, 1 comforter, 1 knife and lanyard, needles and thread, 1 sou'-wester, 1 oilskin jumper and trousers. All articles of bedding and clothing to be marked with the boy's name and number.

Carpenter, Tailor, and Shoemaker.

The Manager is authorized to engage a carpenter tailor, and shoemaker, to give instruction, if required to the boys one day in each week.

Food

Cook and his assistants to have food distributed on the tables at the appointed hours.

All meals to be presided over by the Schoolmaster or other member of the staff.

A separate table is to be provided for the staff.

No fixed ration is to be provided, but a sufficiency of plain wholesome food, at the discretion of the Manager.

(According to the

seasons.)	
A . M .	Routine.
5 to 6.30.	Turn out, make beds, clean buildings
	and wash.
6.40 to 7.	Muster, prayers, and receive reports.
7 to 7.15.	Breakfast.
8 to 8.15.	One watch to school, the other to nau- tical instruction.
10.	School over. That watch to garden and trades.
11.45.	Clean for dinner.
12. Noon	Dinner.
P.M. 1	Watches to school and nautical instruc-
1.	
	tion, changing from a.m.
3.	School over, that watch to garden and other trades.
4.45.	Clean for supper.
5.	Supper.
7.	All hands to school.
8.	Prayers.
9.	Out lights.
	Saturday.
	General clean-up and wash clothes.
A.M.	Sunday.
6.30.	Turn out, make beds, sweep-up, and wash.
7.	Prayers.
7.15.	Breakfast.
• • • •	Divine service and religious instruction, as provided for in General Rules.
Р.М.	
1.	Dinner.
5.	Supper.
	The second se

8. Prayers.

9. Out lights.

Bathing is to be regulated according to the tides and seasons.

Bedding to be aired according to weather, not less than once a week.

Trades under Instructors.—One day a week. Nautical Instruction.—This term includes every branch of a seaman's duty.

Discharges.

Each boy, on being apprenticed or otherwise discharged from the school (except for misconduct), to receive a certificate from the Manager in the following form :—

CERTIFICATE from the Manager of the Naval Training School established at

		Entry.	Dis- charge.	. Conduct.	Trade.	Ability.			
Name.	No.					Seaman- ship.	Trade.		
				'					
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		ļ			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
					(Mana	ger's signat	ture.)		

Outfit.

Each boy, on being apprenticed to the sea, to be supplied with the following outfit, viz.,-

1 bed, 1 blanket, 1 rug, 2 pairs trousers, 2 blue shirts or jumpers, 2 flannels, 2 caps, 1 pair boots, 1 comforter, 1 neckerchief, 1 towel, 2 pairs socks, 1 canvas bag, 2 combs, 1 knife and lanyard, 1 knife and fork, 1 spoon, 1 plate, 1 pannikin, 1 Bible, needles and thread.

Boys otherwise apprenticed or discharged (except for misconduct) to retain one complete suit of clothes. Boys expelled not to be discharged in the school uniform.

Cruising.

When a suitable vessel is attached to the school, she is to be taken out for short cruises not less than once a week, either with the whole of the boys or by watches, as may be necessary.

> FORSTER GORING, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Regulations under "Outlying Districts Sale of Spirits Act, 1870."

NORMANBY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirteenth day of July, 1875.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOE IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the sixteenth section of "The Outlying Districts Sale of Spirits Act, 1870," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to make any regulations which may be necessary or expedient for insuring the more effectual operation of the Act, and may from time to time alter vary amend and repeal all or any of such regulations, and all such regulations when published in the New Zealand Gazette shall have the force of law:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, and in exercise and pursuance of the above recited power and authority, doth hereby make the following regulations.

Regulations.

1. All spirituous or fermented liquors forfeited under the provisions of "The Outlying Districts Sale of Spirits Act, 1870," shall be sold by public auction, by order of the Resident Magistrate of the district in which the forfeiture was made, after seven days' notice shall have been given by the Resident Magistrate.

2. After the Court, before which any case under the said Act shall have been tried and penalty in-flicted, shall have allotted the amount of penalty to be appropriated to the informer, the balance, includ-ing the proceeds of the sale of any spirituous or fermented liquors that may be forfeited, shall be expended in the construction of roads or other public works in the Native districts in which the same shall have accrued.

3. That the Resident Magistrate of the district in which the penalty shall have been inflicted shall from time to time submit for the approval of the Governor such roads or other public works in such Native districts as shall require to be constructed, and upon which it is proposed to expend any penalties or pro-ceeds of sales which shall have accrued under the said Act.

4. That such Resident Magistrate, on receiving intimation of the Governor's approval in writing of such proposed expenditure, shall forthwith cause the works so approved to be carried out. 5. That all vouchers of expenditure under the said

Act shall be forwarded to the Treasury in accordance with the Treasury regulations.

> FORSTER GORING, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Delegation under "The Salmon and Trout Act, 1867," to Superintendent of Otago.

(L.S.) NORMANBY, Governor. ORDER IN COUNCIL. At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirteenth day of July, 1875. Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the twelfth section of "The Salmon and Trout Act, 1867," it is enacted, *inter alia*, that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Order in Council under his hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, from time to time to delegate to the Superintendent of any province all or any of the powers vested in the Governor or the Governor in Council by the Act now in recital, subject or not to any limitations or restrictions as he may think fit, and in like manner to alter or revoke any such power :

Now therefore, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the said in part recited Act, do hereby, with the advice and consent of the Fraculting Coursel of the said Colorad of the Executive Council of the said Colony, delegate unto

JAMES MACANDREW, Esq.,

as Superintendent of the Province of Otago, all the powers vested in me either alone or in Council by the said Act, to be exercised within such province and not elsewhere, so long as he shall remain Superintendent of the said province, and no longer.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Most Honorable George Augustus Con-stantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave, viscount Normandy, and Daron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her

Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House at Wellington, this thirteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventyfive.

FORSTER GORING, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Sections 20 to 45 of "The Public Health Act, 1872," to be in force in **D**unedin City.

NORMANBY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirteenth day of July, 1875.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL. WHEREAS by the nineteenth section of "The Public Health Act, 1872," it is enacted that the Governor in Council may make orders from time to time directing that the provisions thereinafter in Second Part of the said Act contained, or any of them, be put in force in New Zealand, or in such parts thereof or in such places therein as in such orders respectively may be expressed, and may in like manner revoke or renew any such order; and, subject to such revocation or renewal as aforesaid, every such order shall be in force for six calendar months from the publication of such order, or for such shorter period as in such order shall be expressed, and no longer; and every such order shall be published in the General Government Gazette, and such publication shall be conclusive evidence of such order to all intents and purposes; and none of the said provisions shall be in force in any part of New Zealand until an order directing the same to be put in force shall have been made and published as aforesaid :

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and in exercise and pursuance of all power and authority in this behalf in him vested, doth hereby direct that the provisions contained in the sections of the said Act numbered from twenty to forty-five, both inclusive, shall be put in force in Dunedin City.

FORSTER GORING, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Sections 20 to 45 of "The Public Health Act, 1872," to be in force in the Province of Westland.

NORMANBY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirteenth day of July, 1875.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

THEREAS by the nineteenth section of "The Public Health Act, 1872," it is enacted that the Governor in Council may make orders from time to time directing that the provisions thereinafter in the Second Part of the said Act contained, or any of them, be put in force in New Zealand, or in such parts thereof or in such places therein as in such orders respectively may be expressed, and may in the margin be expressed. like manner revoke or renew any such order; and, subject to revocation or renewal as aforesaid, every Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Coun-cil; Knight Commander of the Most from the publication of such order, or for such

shorter period as in such order shall be expressed, | and no longer; and every such order shall be expressed, lished in the General Government *Gazette*, and such publication shall be conclusive evidence of such order to all intents and purposes; and none of the said provisions shall be in force in any part of New Zealand until an order directing the same to be put in force shall have been made and published as aforesaid :

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and in exercise and pursuance of all power and authority in this behalf in him vested, doth hereby direct that the provisions contained in the sections of the said Act numbered from twenty to forty-five, both inclusive, shall be put in force in the Province of Westland.

FORSTER GORING, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Order for Re-hearing of Te Rina Hauruia's Claim.

NORMANBY, Governor. ORDER IN COUNCIL. At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirteenth day of July, 1875.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOE IN COUNCIL. WHEREAS by the eighth section of "The Native Land Act Amondment Act Contents Land Act Amendment Act, 1874" it is enacted that in any case where an application for a rehearing of any matter heard and decided under the repealed Acts in the Act now in recital mentioned shall have been made subsequently to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, the Governor in Council may, in the manner provided by the fifty-eighth section of "The Native Land Act, 1873," hereinafter called "the said Act," order a rehearing of any such matter so heard and decided as aforesaid, and all the provisions of the said Act respecting rehearings, as far as applicable, shall extend to any rehearing ordered under the Act now in recital: Provided that such application health in each each have hear mode within size martha shall in each case have been made within six months from the date of the decision of the Court in such case: And whereas by the fifty-eighth section of "the said Act" it is enacted that, upon the application of any persons interested in any Native land, who may feel themselves aggrieved by the decision of the Court in respect thereof, the Governor in Council may order a rehearing of any matter heard and decided under the provisions of the Act now in recital within such a period of time from the publication of the decision and memorial of ownership in manner in the Act now in recital thereinbefore required as may be limited in such order; and upon such order being made, all proceedings theretofore taken by the Court in such mater shall be annulled, and the case shall commence de novo, and shall proceed in manner provided by the Act now in recital: And whereas at a sitting of the Native Land Court of New Zealand at Shortland, in the district of Hauraki, in the Province of Auckland, held on the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, the claim of Watana Tuma, Te Reiti Tuma, Maraea Purewa, Ngahuia Pirika, and Matiu Poono to a piece of land at Puriri District, called Kaimaro, was heard and decided, and a certain order thereupon made by the said Court: And whereas on or about the fifteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, an application was made by and on behalf of Te Rina Hauruia and other aboriginal natives claiming to have an interest in the said land, and who felt themselves aggrieved by the decision of the Court in respect thereof; and it is expedient that the said claim should be reheard before the said Court:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, in exercise and pursuance of the above recited power, of Representatives :

and by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of New Zealand, doth hereby order and direct that the said claim of Te Rina Hauruia, and the other Natives hereinbefore mentioned, shall be the other Natives hereinbefore mentioned, shall be reheard as and in the manner by "The Native Land Act, 1873," and "The Native Land Act Amend-ment Act, 1874," provided, and doth also order that such rehearing shall take place within eighteen months from the said fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

> FORSTER GORING Clerk of the Executive Council.

District Judge, Westland, empowered to grant In-junctions, Writs of Arrest, and Probates.

NORMANBY, Governor. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirteenth day of July, 1875.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOE IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by "The District Courts Amendment Act, 1865," it is enacted that the powers conferred on Judges of District Courts in and by the twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, and twenty-seventh sections of "The District Courts Act, 1858," shall be exercised only within such districts as shall from time to time be named by the Governor, by Order in Council published in the New Zealand Gazette, as districts within which such powers may be exercised :

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the colony, doth hereby, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him in that behalf, name and declare

THE WESTLAND DISTRICT,

as defined in and by a certain Proclamation dated the tenth day of July, to be a district within which the powers conferred by the twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, and twenty-seventh sections of "The District Courts Act, 1858," may be exercised.

FORSTER GORING,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Warrant abolishing Polling Places.

NOBMANBY, Governor. To all to whom these Presents shall come, GREETING:

WHEREAS by "The Regulation of Elections Act, 1870," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Warrant under his hand, from time to time to appoint Polling Places for each Elec-toral District within or within one mile of the limits thereof, and to appoint any one of such Polling Places to be the Principal Polling Place for the district, and all or any of such Polling Places from time to time to abolish, and, if he think fit, to appoint other Polling Places in lieu of those abolished, and that every such Warrant shall be published in the New Zealand Gazette: Provided always that no Publice Place Gazette the arrested her the Company Polling Place shall be appointed by the Governor under the said Act unless he shall be first satisfied that the place to be appointed is more convenient than any other for at least twenty electors to record their votes thereat:

And whereas by Warrant under the hand of the Governor, bearing date the thirtieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy,

The Police Camp, Roxburgh East; and The House of Mr. Louis Grant, Bendigo,

were appointed Polling Places for the District of Dunstan, for the election of Members of the House

And whereas it is expedient to abolish the same : Now know ye that I, George Augustus Constan-tine, Marquis of Normanby, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance of the power and authority in me vested by the said Act, do hereby abolish the above-named Polling Places for the District of Dunstan, for the election of Members of the House of Representatives.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Most Honorable George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council; Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; at Wellington, this ninth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

DANIEL POLLEN.

Warrant appointing Polling Places.

NORMANBY, Governor.

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETING:

HEREAS by "The Regulation of Elections Act, 1870," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Warrant under his hand, from time to time to appoint Polling Places for each Electoral District within or within one mile of the limits thereof, and to appoint any one of such Polling Places to be the Principal Polling Place for the district, and all or any of such Polling Places from time to time to abolish, and, if he think fit, to appoint other Polling Places in lieu of those abolished, and that every such Warrant shall be published in the New Zealand Gazette: Provided always that no Polling Place shall be appointed by the Governor under the said Act unless he shall be first satisfied that the place to be appointed is more convenient than any other for at least twenty electors to record their votes thereat :

Now know ye that I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, the Governor of New Zea-land, in pursuance of the power and authority in me vested by the said Act, do hereby appoint the follow-ing places to be Polling Places for the Electoral District hereinafter specified, for the election of Members of the House of Representatives, namely,

For the District of Dunstan,

The Store of Mr. Josiah Mitchinson, Bendigo; and

- The House of Mr. Samuel Brown, Roxburgh East.
- Given under the hand of His Excellency the Most Honorable George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council; Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint

Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; at Wel-lington, this ninth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

DANIEL POLLEN.

Fixing Sittings of District Court, Otago Gold Fields.

NORMANBY, Governor.

I^N pursuance and exercise of the power and authority in this behalf enabling me, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby fix and appoint that sittings of the District Court of the Otago Gold Fields shall be held as follows :

- In the Resident Magistrate's Court at Naseby on the second day of August, the twenty-seventh day of September, and the twenty-fourth day of November next.
- In the Resident Magistrate's Court at Clyde on the ninth day of August, the fourth day of October, and the sixth day of December next.
- In the Resident Magistrate's Court at Queenstown on the sixteenth day of August, the eleventh day of October, and the thirteenth day of December next.
- In the Resident Magistrate's Court at Lawrence on the twenty-third day of August, the eight-eenth day of October, and the twentieth day of December next.

Provided that in case any of the days so fixed as aforesaid shall happen to be a holiday, then the Court appointed for that day shall be holden on the first day thereafter, not being a holiday.

Issued this twelfth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

CHARLES C. BOWEN.

Fixing Sittings of District Court, Westland.

NORMANBY, Governor.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority in this behalf enabling me, I, George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby fix and appoint that sittings of the District Court of the Province of Westland, in lieu of those heretofore appointed, shall be held as follow:---

- In the Supreme Court House at Hokitika, for the despatch of Criminal and Civil Business, on the first day of August, the first day of October, and the first day of December next, and for Civil Business only on the first day of November next.
- In the Resident Magistrate's Court House at Greymouth, for the despatch of Criminal and Civil Business, on the twelfth day of August, the twelfth day of October, and the twelfth day of December next, and for Civil Business
- only on the twelfth day of September, and the twelfth day of November next. In the Resident Magistrate's Court House at Westport, for the despatch of Criminal and Civil Business, on the twentieth day of August, the twentieth day of October, and the twentieth day of December next. In the Resident Magistrate's Court House at Reefton, for the despatch of Criminal and
- Civil Business, on the sixth day of September, and the twentieth day of November next.

Provided that in case any of the days so fixed as George; Governor and Commander-in- | aforesaid shall happen to be a Sunday or a holiday, then the Court appointed for that day shall be holden on the first day thereafter not being a

holiday. Issued this twelfth day of July, one thousand

CHARLES C. BOWEN.

Despatch from the Secretary of State.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Wellington, 10th July, 1875.

THE following despatch, with its enclosure, from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, is published for general information. DANIEL POLLEN.

[CIRCULAR.]

Downing Street, 3rd March, 1875.

SIR,-I have the honor to transmit to you, for publication in the colony under your Government, a copy of a Treaty between Her Majesty and the Swiss Confederation for the mutual surrender of fugitive criminals, as well as a copy of the Order in Council of the 4th ultimo, for carrying into effect that Treaty, which came into operation on the 1st instant.

I have, &c.,

CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of New Zealand.

At the Court at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, the 4th day of February, 1875.

Present:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL. WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the thirtythird and thirty-fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for amending the Law relating to the Extradition of Criminals," it was amongst other things enacted, that where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Act shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as

may be deemed expedient: And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the thirtyfirst day of March last between Her Majesty and the Swiss Confederation, for the Mutual Extradition of Fugitive Criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Swiss Confederation, having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice and to the prevention of crime within their respective territories and jurisdictions, that persons charged with or convicted of the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should under certain circumstances be reciprocally delivered up, have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty for this purpose, that is to say,-

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Alfred Guthrie Graham Bonar, Esquire, Her Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Swiss Confederation;

And the Federal Council of the Swiss Confederation, Joseph Martin Knüsel, Member of the Swiss Federal Council;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles :-

ARTICLE I.

The High Contracting Parties engage to deliver up to each other those persons who, being accused or convicted of a crime committed in the territory of the one party, shall be found within the territory of the other party under the circumstances and conditions stated in the present Treaty.

ARTICLE II.

The crimes for which the extradition is to be granted are the following:

1. Murder (including infanticide), and attempt to murder.

 Manslaughter.
 Counterfeiting or altering money, uttering or bringing into circulation counterfeit or altered money

4. Forgery, or counterfeiting, or altering, or uttering what is forged, or counterfeited, or altered; comprehending the crimes designated in the Penal Codes of either State as counterfeiting or falsification of paper money, bank notes, or other securities, forgery, or other falsification of other public or private documents, likewise the uttering or bringing into circulation or wilfully using such counterfeited, forged, or falsified papers.

5. Embezzlement or larceny.

6. Obtaining money or goods by false pretences.

Crimes against bankruptcy law. 7.

8. Fraud committed by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member or public

officer of any company, made criminal by any law for the time being in force. 9. Rape.

10. Abduction of minors.

11. Child-stealing or kidnapping.

12. False imprisonment.

13. Burglary, or housebreaking, with criminal intent.

14. Arson.

15. Robbery with violence.16. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.

17. Perjury or subornation of perjury.

18. Malicious injury to property, if the offence be indictable.

The extradition is also to take place for participation in any of the aforesaid crimes, as an accessory before or after the fact.

ARTICLE III.

No Swiss shall be delivered up by Switzerland to the Government of the United Kingdom, and no subject of the United Kingdom shall be delivered up by the Government thereof to Switzerland.

ARTICLE IV.

The extradition shall not take place if the person claimed on the part of the Government of the United Kingdom, or the person claimed on the part of the Swiss Government, has already been tried and dis-charged or punished, or is still under trial, in one of the Swiss Cantons or in the United Kingdom respectively, for the crime for which his extradition is demanded.

If the person claimed on the part of the Government of the United Kingdom, or if the person claimed on the part of the Swiss Government, should be under examination, or have been condemned for any other crime, in one of the Swiss Cantons or in the United Kingdom respectively, his extradition may be deferred until he shall have been set at liberty in due course of law.

In case such individual should be proceeded against or detained in the country in which he has taken refuge, on account of obligations contracted towards private individuals, his extradition shall nevertheless take place; the injured party retaining his right to prosecute his claims before the competent authority.

ARTICLE V.

The extradition shall not take place if, subsequently to the commission of the crime, or the institution of the penal prosecution, or the conviction thereon, exemption from prosecution or punishment has been acquired by lapse of time, according to the laws of the State applied to.

ARTICLE VI.

If the individual claimed by one of the two Contracting Parties in pursuance of the present Treaty should be also claimed by one or several other Powers, on account of other crimes committed upon their respective territories, his surrender shall be granted to that State whose demand is earliest in date; unless any other arrangement should be made between the Governments which have claimed him, either on account of the gravity of the crimes committed or for any other reason.

ARTICLE VII.

A fugitive criminal shall not be surrendered if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded is one of a political character, or is connected with a crime of that nature, or if he prove that the requisition for his surrender has, in fact, been made with a view to try and punish him for an offence of a political character.

ARTICLE VIII.

A person surrendered can in no case be kept in prison, or be brought to trial in the State to which the surrender has been made, for any other crime or on account of any other matters than those for which the extradition shall have taken place.

This stipulation does not apply to crimes committed after the extradition.

ARTICLE IX.

The requisition for extradition must always be made by the way of diplomacy, and to wit, in Switzerland by the British Minister to the President of the Confederation, and in the United Kingdom to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Consul-General of Switzerland, who, for the purposes of this Treaty, is hereby recognized by Her Majesty as a Diplomatic Representative of Switzerland. The requisition for the extradition of an accused

The requisition for the extradition of an accused person must be accompanied by a warrant of arrest issued by the competent authority of the State requiring the extradition, and by such evidence as, according to the laws of the place where the accused is found, would justify his arrest if the crime had been committed there.

If the requisition relates to a person already convicted, it must be accompanied by the sentence of condemnation passed against the convicted person by the competent Court of the State that makes the requisition for extradition.

requisition for extradition. A requisition for extradition cannot be founded on sentences passed *in contumaciam*.

ABTICLE X.

A fugitive criminal may, however, be apprehended under a warrant issued by any Police Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority, in either country, on such information or complaint, together with such evidence or after such judicial proceedings as would, in the opinion of the officer issuing the warrant, justify its issue if the crime had

been committed in that part of the dominions of the two Contracting Parties in which he exercises jurisdiction: Provided, however, that in the United Kingdom the accused shall in such case be sent as speedily as possible before a police magistrate in London. Such requisition may be made by means of the post or by telegraph.

The accused shall, however, be discharged if, within such reasonable time as, with reference to the circumstances of the case, the Police Magistrate may fix, the requisition shall not have been made according to the stipulations contained in Article IX.

ARTICLE XI.

The extradition shall not take place before the expiration of fifteen days from the apprehension, and then only if the evidence be found sufficient, according to the laws of the State applied to, either to justify the committal of the prisoner for trial, in case the crime had been committed in the territory of the said State, or to prove that the prisoner is the identical person convicted by the Courts of the State which makes the requisition.

ARTICLE XII.

In the examinations which they have to make in accordance with the foregoing stipulations, the authorities of the State applied to shall admit as entirely valid evidence the sworn depositions or statement of witnesses taken in the other State, or copies thereof, and likewise the warrants and sentences issued therein, provided such documents are signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or Officer of such State, and are authenticated by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of a British Secretary of State, or of the Chancellor of the Swiss Confederation.

ARTICLE XIII.

If sufficient evidence for the extradition be not produced within two months from the date of the apprehension of the fugitive, he shall be set at liberty.

ARTICLE XIV.

All articles seized, which were in the possession of the person to be surrendered at the time of his apprehension, shall, if the competent authority of the State applied to for the extradition has ordered the delivery thereof, be given up when the extradition takes place, and the said delivery shall extend not merely to the stolen articles, but to everything that may serve as a proof of the crime.

ABTICLE XV.

The Contracting Parties renounce any claim for the reimbursement of the expenses incurred by them in the arrest and maintenance of the person to be surrendered, and his conveyance to the frontiers of the State from which he is required; they reciprocally agree to bear such expenses themselves.

ABTICLE XVI.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty.

Her Britannic Majesty. The requisition for the arrest and surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in any of such colonies or foreign possessions shall be made through the Swiss Consul-General in London to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, who shall proceed in conformity with the provisions of the present Treaty and the laws of the land.

Her Britannic Majesty shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in the British Colonies and foreign possessions for the surrender of such individuals as shall have committed in Switzerland any of the crimes hereinafore mentioned, who may take refuge within such colonies and foreign possessions, on the basis, as nearly as may be, of the provi- | sions of the present Treaty.

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal from any colony or foreign possession of Her Britannic Majesty shall be governed by the rules laid down in the preceding Articles of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XVII.

The present Treaty shall come into force ten days after its publication, in conformity with the forms prescribed by the laws of the High Contracting Parties. It may be terminated by either of the High Contracting Parties, but shall remain in force for six months after notice has been given for its termination.

The Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Berne in four weeks, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Berne, the thirty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

A. G. G. BONAR. (L.S.) J. M. KNUSEL. (L.S.)

And whereas a Protocol amending Article XVI. of the aforesaid Treaty was signed by the Plenipoten-tiaries of Her Majesty and of the Swiss Confedera-tion on the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, which Protocol is in the following terms:

The undersigned Plenipotentiaries of Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Federal Council of the Swiss Confederation, having met in Conference, have taken into their consideration the following subject :-

They have directed their attention to the fact that the second paragraph of the 16th Article of the Treaty, which stipulates that the requisition for the arrest of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in any of the colonies or foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty shall be made through the Swiss Consul-General in London to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, was not in accordance with the law of England, and they have consequently resolved to declare that the second paragraph of that Article

beginning-"The requisition for the arrest," and concluding with "and the laws of the land," shall be null and void, and in lieu thereof the following words shall be

or foreign possessions shall be made to the Governor or to the Supreme Authority of such colony or possession through the Swiss Consul, or, in case there should be no Swiss Consul, through the Consular Agent of another State charged for the occasion with the Swiss interests in the colony or possession in

question. " The "The Governor or Supreme Authority above mentioned shall decide with regard to such requisi-tions as nearly as possible in accordance with the provisions of the present Treaty. He will, however, he at liberty cither to correct to the avtradition or be at liberty either to consent to the extradition or report the case to his Government."

The other provisions of Article XVI. remain in force as they have been agreed upon in the Treaty.

This Protocol shall be regarded and acted upon as forming part of the Treaty in question.

In witness whereof the undersigned have signed this Protocol, and have hereunto affixed their seals.

Done in duplicate at Berne, the twenty-eighth day

of November, in the year of Grace, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four. The Plenipotentiary of Great Britain,

EDWIN CORBETT. (L.S.) And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty and Protocol were exchanged at Berne on the thirtyfirst day of December last

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, the said Act shall apply in the case of the said Treaty and Protocol with the Swiss Confederation.

ARTHUR HELPS.

Registrars under "The Sale of Poisons Act, 1871," appointeď.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Wellington, 12th July, 1875.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint appoint

JOHN BATHGATE, Esq., and GEORGE LILLY MELLISH, Esq.,

to be Registrars under "The Sale of Poisons Act, 1871," for the Provinces of Otago and Canterbury respectively.

DANIEL POLLEN.

Revising Commissioner under "The Canterbury Rate-payers' Rolls Revision Act, 1872," appointed.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Wellington, 13th July, 1875.

 $\mathrm{H^{IS}}$ Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint

EDWARD JAMES LEE, Esq., J.P., to be Revising Commissioner under "The Canter-bury Ratepayers' Rolls Revision Act, 1872." This appointment to date from the 29th of June, 1875. DANIEL POLLEN.

Sheriff appointed.

Department of Justice,

Wellington, 7th July, 1875. HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint appoint

CYRUS GOULTER, Esq.,

to be Sheriff of the District of Marlborough, vice C. J. W. Griffiths, Esq., resigned.

CHARLES C. BOWEN.

Registrar of Supreme Court appointed.

Department of Justice,

Wellington, 9th July, 1875. HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint appoint

JOHN BARLEYMAN, Esq.,

to be Registrar at Blenheim of the Supreme Court. CHARLES C. BOWEN.

District Judges appointed.

Department of Justice, Wellington, 12th July, 1875.

IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

GEORGE WILLIAM HARVEY, Esq., Barrister,

to be District Judge for the District Court of the Otago Gold Fields; and

THOMAS SHAILER WESTON, Esq., Barrister, to be District Judge for the District Court of Westland.

CHARLES C. BOWEN.

Clerks of District Courts appointed.

Department of Justice, Wellington, 12th July, 1875. IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint appoint JOHN HENRY ABEL, Esq., to be Clerk at Lawrence; RICHARD EDWARD FIELD, Esq., to be Clerk at Naseby; ARTHUR DAVID HARVEY, Esq., to be Clerk at Clyde; and JOHN SCOTT WORTHINGTON, Esq., to be Clerk at Queenstown—of the District Court of the Otago Gold Fields; and CHARLES HUGH WEBB BOWEN, Esq., to be Clerk at Westport; EDWARD HARDCASTLE, Esq., to be Clerk at Hokitika; HARRY KENRICK, Esq., to be Clerk at Greymouth; and HENRY LUCAS, Esq., to be Clerk at Reefton-of the District Court at Westland. CHARLES C. BOWEN.

Crown Prosecutor Appointed.

Department of Justice, Wellington, 12th July, 1875. IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint appoint

SAMUEL MUNCKLEY SOUTH, Esq., to be Crown Prosecutor for the District of Westland under "The District Courts Act, 1858."

CHARLES C. BOWEN.

Clerk in Treasury appointed.

Treasury, Wellington, 13th July, 1875. IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint appoint

GEORGE WRIGHT, Esq.,

(transferred from the Telegraph Department,) to be a Clerk in the Colonial Treasury, as on the 1st instant.

H. A. ATKINSON.

Resignation of Receiver of Land Revenue, Marl-borough, accepted.

Treasury,

Wellington, 13th July, 1875. IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation by accept the resignation by

JOHN T. ROBINSON, Esq.,

of his appointment of Receiver of Land Revenue for the Province of Marlborough.

H. A. ATKINSON.

Chief Clerk, Government Insurance Department, appointed.

Treasury,

Wellington, 14th July, 1875. IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint appoint

REGINALD UBBAN HEATH VINCENT, Esq., to be Chief Clerk in the Government Insurance Department, as on the 1st instant.

H. A. ATKINSON.

Resignation of a Trustee, Auckland Savings Bank, accepted.

> Treasury Wellington, 13th July, 1875.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation by

WALTER GRAHAME, Esq., of his appointment as a Trustee of the Auckland Savings Bank.

H. A. ATKINSON.

Appointment of Volunteer Officer.

Colonial Defence Office, Wellington, 14th July, 1875. IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the under monthing. make the under-mentioned appointment

In the Auckland Naval Volunteer Brigade. Henry Parker to be Sub-Lieutenant. Date of commission, 24th July, 1875.

DONALD MCLEAN.

Regulations for Surveys under the Native Land Acts.

Native Office, Wellington, 13th July, 1875.

THE following Regulations for the conduct of Surveys under "The Native Land Act, 1873," and "Amendment Act, 1874," have been approved by His Excellency the Governor in Council, and are published for general information.

DONALD MCLEAN.

NORMANBY, Governor.

Regulations for Survey under "The Native Lands Act, 1873."

1. All surveys to be made with a theodolite approved before each survey by the Inspector of Surveys, or his deputy, and all chains to be gauged at the District Survey Office.

2. Whenever there is a Trigonometrical Station within two miles of any part of any piece of land to besurveyed, or whenever two Trigonometrical Stations shall be visible from it, the survey shall start from a point, the position of which is determined from the triangulation, and the meridian of the trigonometrical survey only shall be used.

3. If any survey is made in those parts of the country over which the triangulation has not yet been extended, at least one point must be permanently marked as a secondary trigonometrical station, and if the survey is over one thousand acres in area, an additional one to be erected for every two thousand acres it contains. Such stations to be placed on the most prominent hills on or near the boundary, and the it contains. bearings by compass between the stations recipro-

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cally, or from the station, if only one, to the principal points in the traverse, to be carefully observed and entered on the map. Secondary stations to be marked by a post of approved hard wood, not less than six inches thick and five feet long, to be sunk in the ground three feet, and a mound to be thrown up one foot high round it.

4. All boundary lines must be distinctly marked on the ground, and where in forest, high scrub, or fern, they must be cut and cleared four feet wide. All angles to be marked with pegs of approved hard wood, squared 3×3 and 2 feet long, to be driven one foot into the ground, and a trench (lockspit) 2 feet long by 9 inches wide and deep, to be cut in the direction of each line, commencing one foot from the peg. In long lines a peg and lockspit to be placed at every ten chains, and large trees standing near the boundary to be conspicuously marked with an arrow head.

5. When part of the survey is in dense forest, or in scrub on the banks of a sinuous river, bearings of the lines may be taken with a circumferenter, provided that the terminals of the compass traverse are accurately closed trigonometrically with the part of the traverse made with the theodolite or with the triangulation.

6. Any angle points or ten-chain marks in a boundary common to the new and to an old survey, or only separated from it by a road, to be noted and shown in their true positions.

7. The position of remarkable hills within or near to the block under survey to be fixed by convergent bearings; and the course of rivers, forest margins, swamps, or other natural features to be sketched in the field book, as seen from different points.

8. The original field book to be kept with a metallic pencil, or else in ink, and to be sent in to the office with the map.

9. A complete table to be furnished of co-ordinates on meridian and perpendicular of every traverse line, together with the absolute distances from a Trigonometrical Station of the origin of the survey, and of at least three other points in the periphery of the block. Forms for this will be supplied from the office. All surveys are required to close within ten links per mile, as determined by the calculated coordinates.

10. All plans must be drawn on mounted drawing paper. When the area of the claim is under five acres, the map must be plotted to a scale of one chain to an inch; under one hundred acres, five chains to an inch; under two thousand acres, ten chains to an inch; above two thousand acres, twenty chains to an inch. The plotting, drawing, style of printing, and colouring of the map to be in accordance with the custom of the office, and to be neat, clear, and properly finished.

11. The size of the paper on which maps are drawn must be in no case less than fifteen inches square, and always be such that a blank space of at least one hundred square inches shall be left clear of the survey work.

survey work. 12. The whole boundary of the land forming the subject of the claim is to be conspicuously indicated by a tint of pink carried all round within it, and the area is to be distinctly marked upon the map.

13. All construction lines, bearings on trigonometrical stations, or on other points in the survey to be drawn on the map, and their bearings and measurements when chained or computed.

14. The native names of all rivers, hills, cultivations, and pieces of land are to be distinctly written on the map, together with the name and ownership, as far as these can be ascertained, of the adjoining lands.

15. When islands lying adjacent to the mainland are intended to be included in a claim, they must be tinted pink, and their names and areas written on them.

16. Hills, rivers, forests, and all natural features of the country to be neatly drawn upon the map, in accordance with the notes in the field book, and the different kinds of vegetation over the block, but especially on the lines cut, to be shown by appropriate colours.

17. The meridian used is to be plainly drawn on the map, and the scale either drawn or written.

18. Every map must have a plain title, stating the name of the block, which must correspond with the name stated in the claim, the country or district in which it is situated, the name in full of the surveyor, and the date of its transmission to the office.

THEO. HEALE,

Inspector of Surveys.

Approved in Council, 13th July, 1875.

> FORSTER GORING, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Engineer Surveyors and Inspectors of Steamers appointed.

Customs Department,

(Marine Branch),

Wellington, 14th July, 1875. IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to

appoint

GEORGE CROLL, and

HENRY ALEXANDER MCGREGOR,

to be Engineer Surveyors and Inspectors of Steamers for the Colony of New Zealand.

WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS.

Traffic Returns.

AUCKLAND AND MERCER RAILWAY.

RETURN of Traffic for four weeks ending 22nd May, 1875.

	PASSENGERS.		
	No.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	9,339	$425 \ 14 \ 11$	
		892	
	. 6	9149	
			$443 \ 18 \ 10$
	GOODS.		
	Tons.		
	. 585	$201 \ 12 \ 11$	
	ŝ		201 12 11
Total			£645 11 9
		No. 9,339 6 Goods. Tons. 585	No. £ s. d. 9,339 425 14 11 8 9 2 6 9 14 9 Goods. Tons. 585 201 12 11

WELLINGTON AND MASTERTON RAILWAY.

RETURN of Traffic for eleven days ending 30th June, 1875.

		1	ASSENGERS						
			No.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Passengers	•••		3,042	111	18	4			
Parcels, &c.					10	4			
Season Tickets				32	2	10			
							145	11	6
			Goods.						
			Tons.						
Freight			69	16	3	7			
0							16	3	7
	\mathbf{T}_{0}	otal				·	£161	15	1

NAPIER AND WAIPUKURAU RAILWAY.

RETURN of Traffic for eleven days ending 30th June, 1875. PASSENGERS. No. £ s. d. £ s. d. Passengers Parcels, &c.

1,895

GOODS. Tons

3354

F. B. PASSMORE,

...

•••

...

. . .

• • •

...

Total

150 12

108 4 2

Superintending Engineer.

7 5 ii 13

163 18 6

108 4

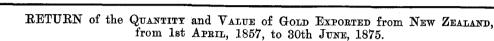
£272 2 8 Registrar-General's Office,

Wellington, 13th July, 1875.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and intituled "The Marriage Act, 1854," the following name of an Officiating Minister within the meaning of the seid Act is published for within the meaning of the said Act is published for general information :

> United Methodist Free Churches. The Reverend JOHN JEFFREE PENDRAY. WM. R. E. BROWN,

Registrar-General.



2

				Durin 3	6 тне (Отн Јо	QUARI NE, 18	ier endi 875.	ED	EXPORTED	PREVIOUS		XPORTED
PORT OF		PRODUCE OF THE GOLD FIELDS IN THE PROVINCE OF		Wales.			Tor	TALS.	31sr 1	Гансн, 75.		гне
EXPORT.	IN T			To New South Wales.	To Victoria.	To China.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Auckland	. Aucklar	nd	Oz. 9,264	Oz. 1,702	Oz.	Oz.	Oz. 10,966	£ 40,778	Oz. 949,225	£ 3,379,469	Oz. 960,191	£ 3,420,247
Wellington Picton Nelson Westport Greymouth	. Marlboi . Nelson . Ditto		 577 4,786 	 1,000 	 2,078 650 12,303		 3,655 5,436 12,303	 14,419 21,778 49,212	$\left \begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 43,769 \\ 1,419,187 \end{array} \right $	169,790	30 43,769 1,440,581	120 169,790 5,716,572
Greymouth Hokitika	1.00.00	nd 	 3,732		4,772 6,994		21,394 5,545 10,726	85,409 22,182 42,905	} 1,90 7 ,709	7,538,182	1,923,980	7,603,269
Dunedin Invercargill			17,637 	 	7,825 724	4,141 	16,271 29,603 724 30,327	65,087 119,011 2,931 121,942	3,377,734	13,249,469	3,408,061	13,371,411
Totals			35 996	2,702	35,346	4,914	• <u> </u>	313,216	7,697,654	29,968,193	7,776,612	30,281,409

12th July, 1875.

(for Secretary and Inspector of Customs).

COMPARATIVE RETURN of the QUANTITY and VALUE of GOLD EXPORTED from the several Provinces of New ZEALAND, for the HALF-YEARS ended 30th JUNE, 1875, and 30th JUNE, 1874.

	PROVIN			HALF-YEAR ENDED	80th June, 1875.	HALF-YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1874			
	PROVIN	UES.		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.		
Auckland Marlborough Nelson	···· ···	·	••••	Oz. 29,593 691 46,522	£ 114,769 2,766 185,880	Oz. 37,161 307 43,481	£ 148,415 1,228 173,894		
Westland Otago	•••• •••	•••	··· ···	36,050 63,783	$144,201 \\ 256,777$	$\begin{array}{r} 42,396\\76,780\end{array}$	170,557 307,572		
	Totals	• • •		176,639	704,393	200,125	801,666		

Customs Department, 12th July, 1875.

H. S. MCKELLAR,

(for Secretary and Inspector of Customs).

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Freight

THE NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.

R EGISTRAR-GENERAL'S REPORT on the Vital Statistics of the Boroughs of Auckland, Thames, Wellington, Nelson, Christchurch. Dunedin and Hokitika during the Month of T Wellington, Nelson, Christchurch, Dunedin, and Hokitika, during the Month of June, 1875.

TABLE showing the Number of Births, the actual Mortality of Males and Females, and the Proportion of Deaths to Popula-tion, in the Boroughs of Auckland, Thames, Wellington, Nelson, Christchurch, Dunedin, and Hokitika, during the Month of June, 1875.

	Esti-	•		DEATHS IN THE BOBOUGHS REGISTERED IN JUNE, 1875.									
BOROUGHS.	MATED POPULA-	TOTAL		Males.			Females.	Total	Proportion of Deaths to				
2010000	TION, JUNE 1, 1875.	BIRTHS.	Under 1 Year.	1 & under 5 Years.	5 Years and over.	Under 1 Year.	1 & under 5 Years.	5 Years and over.	Deaths.	the 1,000 of Population.			
									``				
Auckland	13,043	48	3	2	24	2	1	3	35	2.68			
Thames	8,238	20	1		4			1	6	0.73			
Wellington	10,919	68	2		6	6	1	3	18	1.65			
Nelson	5,799	21	3	1	7	4	1	3	19	3.28			
Christehurch	10,582	67	5	3	10	6	2	5	31	2.93			
Dunedin	19,107	83	2	3	16	2	1	8	32	1.67			
Hokitika	3,464	12	3	1	1	1	3	2	11	3.18			
Total		319	19	10	68	21	9	25	152				

N.B.—Although the Auckland and Hokitika Hospitals are situated outside the boundaries of the respective boroughs, yet the deaths in them have, for the sake of uniformity, been included in this Report.

The population has been estimated by adding the excess of births over deaths since the 1st March, 1874, to the then census ulation. It is impossible to estimate the increase from immigration. The births were 61 in excess of those in May. population.

The births were 61 in excess of those in May. The deaths were 59 fewer in number than the deaths in May. Of the deaths, males contributed 97; females, 55: 59 of the deaths were of children under 5 years of age, being 38:16 per cent. of the whole number; 40 of these were of children under 1 year of age. The deaths of children under 1 year of age were 10 fewer than in May; the deaths of those from 1 to 5 were 26 fewer than in May.

in Mav. There were 12 deaths of persons of 65 and upwards: 1 male of 71 in Auckland; 1 male of 66 at the Thames; 2 males of 72 and 81 in Nelson; 1 male of 82 in Wellington; 1 female of 70 in Christchurch; and 3 males of 65, 67, and 78 respectively in Dunedin.

THE following Table shows the Causes of the Deat	ths of Persons of both Sexes u	inder 5 years of age and 5 years and upwards, and
the Proportions per Cent. of Deaths from eac	ch cause in the Boroughs nam	ned, and that were registered, during the month of
June, 1875.		

-		AUCK	LAND.	Тна	MES.	WELLI	NGTON	NEI	SON.	CHRIS	тсн'сн	Dun	EDIN.	Нок	TIKA.		PROPOR-
CLASSES.	CAUSES OF DEATH.	Under 5 Years.	5 Years & over.	Under 5 Years.	5 Years & over.	Under 5 Years.	5 Years & over.	Under 5 Years.	5 Years & over.	Under 5 Years.	5 Years & over.	Under 5 Years.	5 Years & over.	Under 5 Years.	5 Years & over.	Total.	TIONS PER CENT.
I. II. III. IV. V.	Zymotic Diseases Constitutional Diseases Local Diseases Developmental Diseases Violent Deaths Unspecified	 6 2 	7 6 12 2 	 1 	2 1 2 	3 2 3 1	3 2 3 1 	1 6 1 	 5 1 	4 1 10 1 	4 2 6 3	 7 1	6 6 12 	3 3 	 1 2 	33 24 76 12 5 2	$21.71 \\ 15.79 \\ 50.00 \\ 7.89 \\ 3.29 \\ 1.32$
•	Total	 8	27	1	5	9	9	9	10	16	15	8	24	8	3	152	100.00

CLASS I.-ZYMOTIC DISEASES.

ORDER 1.-Miasmatic Diseases.-Measles, 6; Croup, 2; Typhoid Fever, 17; Diarrhœa, 1; Rheumatism, 1.

ORDER 2.-Enthetic Diseases.-Syphilis, 2 ORDER 3.-Dietic Diseases.-Inanition of Infancy, 1; Delirium Tremens, 1; Intemperance, 2.

CLASS II.--CONSTITUTIONAL DISEASES.

ORDER 1.—Diathetic Diseases.—Cancer, 4; Dropsy, 1; Noma, 1. ORDER 2.—Tubercular Diseases.—Cachexia, 1; Phthisis, 16; Hydrocephalus, 1.

CLASS III.-LOCAL DISEASES.

ORDER 1.—Diseases of Nervous System.—Meningitis, 3; Paralysis, 3; Apoplexy, 4; Convulsions, 9; Brain Disease, 3. ORDER 2.—Diseases of Organs of Circulation.—Aneurism, 1; Heart Disease, 9. ORDER 3.—Diseases of Respiratory Organs.—Bronchitis, 14; Pneumonia, 10; Laryngitis, 2; Congestion of Lungs, 1; Asthma, 1.

ORDER 4.—Diseases of Digestive Organs.—Enteritis, 2; Hepatitis, 1; Obstruction of Bowels, 1; Liver Disease, 1; Gastritis, 1. ORDER 5.—Diseases of Urinary Organs.—Bright's Disease, 2; Calculus, 3; Kidney Disease, 3. ORDER 7.—Diseases of Organs of Locomotion.—Arthritis, 1; Hip Disease, 1.

CLASS IV .- DEVELOPMENTAL DISEASES.

ORDER 1.—Developmental Diseases of Children.—Premature Birth, 5; Teething, 2; Cyanosis, 1; Imperforate Anus, 1. ORDER 3.—Developmental Diseases of Old People.—Old Age, 2. ORDER 4.—Diseases of Nutrition.—Atrophy and Debility, 1.

CLASS V .--- VIOLENT DISEASES OR DEATHS.

ORDER 1.-Accident or Negligence.-Concussion, 1; Fractured Thigh, 1; Injury on Railway, 1; Found Drowned, 1; Fractured Skull, 1.

Cause not stated, 2.

THE NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.

The deaths from Zymotic Diseases were 33 in June, against 81 in May. The reduction was principally attributable to the largely decreased number of deaths from Measles (6 in June, 26 in May), Typhoid Fever (17 in June, 27 in May), and Dysentery and Diarrheea (1 in June, 13 in May). Of the 17 deaths from Typhoid Fever, 4 occurred in Auckland, 1 in the Thames Borough, 3 in Wellington, 5 in Christ-

church, and 4 in Dunedin.

The deaths from Local Diseases were 76 in June, against 73 in May; and the deaths from Developmental Diseases were 12 in June, against 20 in May. There were 5 Violent Deaths in June, against 12 in May. One of the Violent Deaths, in Christehurch, occurred through injuries received upon the railway.

Registrar-General's Office,

Wellington, 9th July, 1875.

WM. R. E. BROWN, Registrar-General.

PROVISIONAL	METEOBOLOGICAL	Report	FOR	June,	1875.
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	AUCKLAND.	WELLINGTON.	NELSON.	CHEIST- CHURCH.	Нокітіка.	DUNEDIN.
A wave as There a subject to the standard	F 4.9	40.0	40.0	40.0	45.0	40.0
Average Temperature in Shade Ditto for same month previous years	54.3 53.2	49.8	49.0	42.8	47.2	43.2
The set The same month previous years		49.4	47.7	43.6	46.7	44.2
Highest Temperature in Shade	64 [.] 9 on 16th	61 [.] 0 on 30th	68 [.] 0 on 1st	60 4 on 23rd	60 1 on 7th	58.0 on 28th
Lowest Temperature in Shade	39 [.] 5 on 6th	36 [.] 0 on 4th	32.0 on 4 th	$28^{\circ}3$ on 11 th	30.0 on 22nd	32 0 on 20th
Highest Temperature in Sun	96.2 on 10th	107.0 on 30th .	105 [.] 0 on 4th	78 [.] 2 on 2nd	66 [.] 0 on 8th	89 [.] 0 on 16th
Lowest Temperature on Grass	33 [.] 5 on 4th	28.0 on 9th	20.0 on $4 \mathrm{th}$	14 [.] 7 on 11th	28.019th, 21 st	23 [.] 0 on 20th
Average Moisture of Air (Saturation=100)	86	90	79	88	86	84
Ditto for same month previous years	83	78	79	88	89	81
Rainfall in inches	5.450	4.883	11.600	4.440	14.130	1.810
Ditto for same month previous years	4.699	5.660	5.420	3.132	10.263	2.751
Number of Days on which Rain fell	16	16	19	11	16	9
Ditto for same month previous years	19	15	9	12	14	14
······································					l	

Norg.--This Table is prepared from unchecked averages, transmitted by telegraph in anticipation of the full Returns, and must not be entirely relied on for compiling Meteorological Statistics. 5th July, 1875. W. B. D. MANTELL.

PARTICULARS of the Estates of Deceased Persons which have been placed under the charge of the PUBLIC TRUSTEE during the Month of June, 1875.

No.	Name of Deceased.	Colonial Residence.	Supposed British or Foreign Residence.	Date of Rule or Order.		Value or Estimated Value of Personal Estate.	Time of Deceased's Death.	Remarks.
1 2	Thompson, Joseph Rees, John	Dunsandel Reefton		None required None required	•••	Under £30 Under £20	May 13, 1875 May 4, 1875	Died in Hospital.
3	Reid, John	Reefton	•••	None required		Under £50	May 15, 1875	- -
4	Black, John	Christchurch	Argyleshire	None required		Under £10	May 19, 1875	Heart disease.
5	Williams, Wm	Christehurch		None required		Under £10	May 25, 1875	Apoplexy.
6	Sloper, Horace	Wellington	•••	None required		Under £10	April 6, 1875	Died in Hospital.
7	Moore, Geo	Wellington	•••	None required		Under £15	May, 1875	-
8	Hunter, G. D	Napier		None required		Under £20	Mar. 8, 1875	
9	Auld, Wm	Dunedin	•••	None required		Under £20	June 2, 1875	
10	Rixon, Jas	Dunedin		None required	•••	Under £10	May 20, 1875	
11	Hogan, Mich.	Greytown	Tipperary	None required	• • •	Under £50	June 22, 1875	
12	Protheroe, R. E	Lyttelton		None required		Under £10	June 7, 1875	Heart disease.
13	Neerman, C	Palmerston, Wellington	•••	None required		Under £10		
14	Smith, Wm	Invercargill		June 15, 1875		Under £100	Mar. 3, 1875	
15	McPharland, D	Auckland		June 15, 1875	•••	Under £200	Mar. 1875	
Dated the 7th day of July, 1875. J. Woodward, Public Trustee.								

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the several parcels of land hereinefter described with the several parcels of N land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same in each case within one calendar month from publicacation of this notice.

2080. WILLIAM CRAIGHEAD.—99 acres, Lincoln District, Rural Sections 4137 and 4299. 4123. JOHN GERKEN.—165 acres, Lincoln

District, Rural Sections 666, 2869, and 3847. 2124. HENRY FRANCIS GRAY.---156 acres

1 rood 14 perches, Lincoln District, Rural Sections 895, 3164, 3700, 9642, 13595, and 13631.

DAVID BROWN.-516 acres 38 perches, 2181. Ashley District, Rural Sections 3578, 5490, 6536, 9593, 12687, 12688, and parts of Rural Sections 2765 and 3582.

ROWLAND PALAIRET .- 2 roods, Dis-2193.trict of Christehurch, part of Rural Section 69, Lot 8, on Subdivisional Plan No. 38.

2194. THOMAS STAFFORD .--- 2 acres, District of Christchurch, part of Rural Section 154. In his occupation.

2196.CHARLES RIDDLE.-1 rood, Town Section 173, Town of Timaru.

2197. RICHARD SMITH.-1 acre 5 perches. District of Timaru, part of Rural Section 1959. In his occupation.

2198. SAMUEL BUTLER.-1 rood, District of Christchurch, part of Rural Section 79. In occupation of Alexander Duffy

WILLIAM THOMAS, 1 rood, District of 2199. Christchurch, part of Rural Section 79. In his occupation.

2200. FRIEDERICH LUERS .- 30 acres, Oxford

484

380

District, part of Rural Section 1947. In his occupation.

2201. CHARLES CLARK .--- 30 acres, Oxford District, Rural Section 8256. 2202. WILLIAM TRAVIS.—20 acres, Ashley

District, Rural Section 9686.

WILLIAM TRAVIS .--- 30 acres, Mande-2203.ville District, Rural Section 1620.

2209. JOHN MEIKLE.-38 perches, Timaru District, part of Rural Section 7555. In his occupation.

HUGH O'BRIEN .- 20 acres, Waitangi 2210. District, Rural Section 8921.

2211. GEORGE VOGEN .--- 80 acres, District of Banks Peninsula, Rural Sections 12474, 12755.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

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Dated this 9th day of July, 1875, at the Lands Registry Office, Christchurch.

GEO. B. DAVY. District Land Registrar.

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the parcel of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same within one calendar month from the date of gazetting this notice.

JOHN CHICKEN, Applicant.-10 perches 27¹/₂ square yards, part of Town Section 235, Napier, fronting Thackeray Street 36 feet, and extending back 82 feet 6 inches in a rectangular block along north-east side of Section 233. (C. L. Margoliouth, Broker.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 7th day of July, 1875, at the Lands Registry Office, Napier.

HANSON TURTON, District Land Registrar.

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the expiration of fourteen days after the publication of this notice, I shall issue a Provisional Certificate to GEORGE JOHN WINTER, of Gisborne, Surveyor, of Allotment 210, Town of Gisborne, containing 1 rood, described in the Register Book, Vol. II., folio 82, in lieu of the original Grant, which has been mislaid or lost.

Dated this 7th day of July, 1875, at the Lands Registry Office, Napier.

HANSON TURTON, District Land Registrar.

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same within one calendar month after the gazetting of this notice.

HAROLD HYDE FENTON, Applicant.-Section 4, Block IV., Gladstone. No. 779.

4, Block IV., Gladstone. No. 779. LOUIS RODGERS, Applicant.—Allotments 1A, 1, 2, 3, 4, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24, Block V., and 10 and 11, Block IV., Harrisville. No. 800. THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES, Applicant.—Section 19, Block XVII., Invercargill. No. 808.—Sections 21 and 22, Block V., Wallace-town. No. 809.—Allotment 27, Harewood. No. 810. 387

JOHN TICE MARTIN, Applicant.—Section 3, Block LXXI., Invercargill. No. 811. THOMAS BRODRICK, Applicant.—Section 1, Block II., Winton. No. 813. WILLIAM WIGNALL, Applicant.—Allotment 25, Block III., Harrisville. No. 814.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 6th day of July, 1875, at the Lands Registry Office, Invercargill.

W. RUSSELL, District Land Registrar.

To the Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, Dunedin, Otago, New Zealand.

JOHN GILLIES, M.B. and M.D. Aberdeen, L.R.C.S. Edinburgh, and L.M. Edinburgh, now residing in Dunedin, do hereby give notice that I intend to apply to you on the 27th day of August, l, 1875, to have my name placed on the Register of Medical Practitioners in the Colony of New Zealand; and I have deposited my diplomas along with this in your office for public inspection, in terms of "The Medical Practitioners Act, 1869."

JOHN GILLIES. 384 Dunedin, 6th July, 1875.

OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership which has for some time past been carried on by the Hon. Ernest Gray and John Moore Cochran, under the name of "Gray and Cochran," at Mount White and Lochinvar Stations, in the Province of Canterbury, has been dissolved by effluxion of time. Dated this 20th day of June, 1875.

EBNEST GRAY.

J. MOORE COCHBAN.

Witness-J. B. Gresson, Solicitor, Christchurch. 389

THE BANK OF OTAGO (LIMITED) IN LIQUIDA-TION.

OTICE is hereby given, that the business of the above-mentioned Bank having been transferred to the National Bank of New Zealand (Limited), and all of its assets having been duly realized and its affairs in the Colony of New Zealand having been wound up, all claims and demands (if any) now out-standing and unsatisfied are hereby required to be sent to the undersigned within thirty days from this date. And notice is hereby further given, that no claims or demands whatsoever will be recognized except such lawful claims or demands (if any) as shall be made within that time.

Dated at Dunedin this eighth day of July, 1875.

The Bank of Otago (Limited), In liquidation,

By its Attorney,

W. J. M. LARNACH.

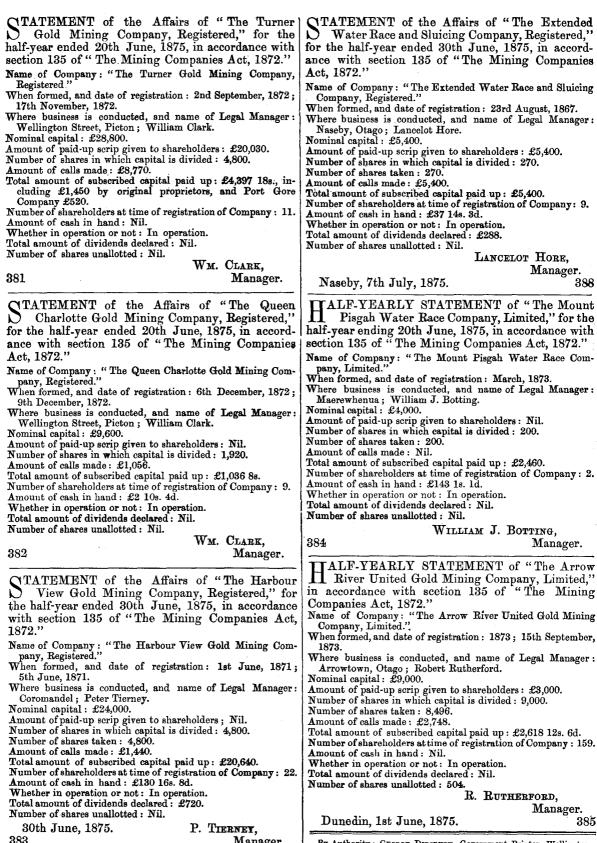
Witness-James Smith, Solicitor for the Bank of Otago, Limited. 386

LYTTELTON BOROUGH COUNCIL.

IN accordance with "The Municipal Corporations Acts Amendment, 1871," clause 11, notice is hereby given, that the above Council intend Raising the Footpaths on the west side of Cantebury Street to the level of the footpaths on the east side.

A plan showing section of the street and proposed formation of footpaths at every half chain, and specification of the work required, are deposited at the Borough Council Chambers, where they may be inspected by all parties interested.

> JOHN T. ROUSE, Mayor.



Manager.

By Authority : GEOEGE DIDSEURY, Government Printer, Wellington.